

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 13.6794 (4) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 13.4304 (4) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 7.3678 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 91.055 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 1353.38 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$
Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 100 \text{ K}$
 $0.30 \times 0.05 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

4-(5-Oxo-3-phenyl-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide

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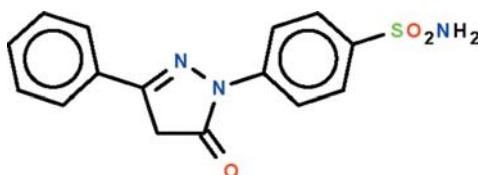
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100 \text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003 \text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.121; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

With respect to the aliphatic planar five-membered ring (r.m.s. deviation = 0.011 Å) of the title compound, $C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_2S$, the phenyl ring is aligned at 6.9 (1)° and the phenylene ring at 2.4 (1)°, so that the three rings are nearly coplanar. The amino group has the N atom in a pyramidal geometry; the group is a hydrogen-bond donor to the sulfonyl O atom of one molecule and to the ketonic O atom of another molecule, resulting in the formation of a layer parallel to the bc plane.

Related literature

For the synthesis, see: Casoni (1956); Itano (1955).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_3S$

$M_r = 315.34$

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.546$, $T_{\max} = 0.894$

10404 measured reflections
2731 independent reflections
2444 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.121$
 $S = 1.06$
2731 reflections
207 parameters
2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.73 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.51 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N3—H1 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.88 (1)	2.12 (1)	2.975 (2)	164 (2)
N3—H2 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.87 (1)	2.12 (1)	2.978 (2)	168 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5611).

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