

## (E)-2-Methyl-5-(thiophen-2-ylmethylidene)cyclopentan-1-one

**Abdullah M. Asiri,<sup>a,b</sup> Abdulrahman O. Al-Youbi,<sup>a</sup> Hassan M. Faidallah,<sup>a</sup> Khalid A. Alamry<sup>a</sup> and Seik Weng Ng<sup>c\*</sup>**

<sup>a</sup>Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203 Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, <sup>b</sup>Center of Excellence for Advanced Materials Research, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203 Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, and <sup>c</sup>Department of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Correspondence e-mail: seikweng@um.edu.my

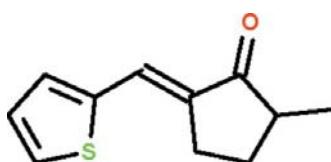
Received 18 August 2011; accepted 18 August 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ; disorder in main residue;  $R$  factor = 0.041;  $wR$  factor = 0.104; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.5.

The exocyclic  $\text{C}=\text{C}$  double-bond in the title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{OS}$ , has an *E* configuration. The methyl-bearing C atom in the cyclopentane ring is disordered over two positions with a site-occupation factor of 0.899 (8) for the major occupied site.

### Related literature

For the synthesis of 2-(2-thienylidene)cyclopentanone, see: Austin *et al.* (2007); Tsukerman *et al.* (1964).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{OS}$	$V = 957.85 (7)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 192.27$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 12.0667 (5)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.29\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 11.0576 (4)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 100\text{ K}$
$c = 7.3003 (3)\text{ \AA}$	$0.25 \times 0.15 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 100.469 (4)^\circ$	

#### Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with Atlas detector	4842 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Agilent, 2010)	2131 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.931$ , $T_{\max} = 0.971$	1817 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	9 restraints
$wR(F^2) = 0.104$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.99$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.57\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2131 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
122 parameters	

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors thank King Abdulaziz University and the University of Malaya for supporting this study.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5619).

### References

- Agilent (2010). *CrysAlis PRO*. Agilent Technologies, Yarnton, Oxfordshire, England.
- Austin, M., Egan, O. J., Tully, R. & Pratt, A. C. (2007). *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **5**, 3778–3786.
- Barbour, L. J. (2001). *J. Supramol. Chem.* **1**, 189–191.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Tsukerman, S. V., Kutulya, L. A. & Lavrushin, V. F. A. M. (1964). *Zh. Obshch. Khim.* **34**, 3597–3605.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.